# Russia and the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Agenda: Towards the 2015 NPT Review Conference

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# ≥ 2015 landmarks:

- 45<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the EIF of the NPT
- 20<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the indefinite extension of the Treaty
- 20<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the Resolution on the Middle East
- 15<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the unequivocal undertaking by the NWS to achieve nuclear disarmament
- 5<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the agreement on the '64 actions' across the three pillars of the Treaty

➤ NPT RevConf is the "sovereign" of the Treaty – (late Fritz Schmidt, long-time Chair of the Zangger Committee) – responsibility of all States Parties to strengthen the authority and integrity of the Treaty

- > 2014 NPT PrepCom: Arrangements for 2015
- Dates, venue (New York 27 April-22 May 2015) ✔
- Draft rules of procedure
- Election of President and other officers
- Appointment of SecGen (Tom Markram)
- Provisional agenda
- Subsidiary bodies to MCs
- Financing (+ division of costs)
- Background documentation

# Provisional Agenda 2015 RevConf

16. Review of the operation of the Treaty, as provided for in its article VIII(3), taking into account the decisions and resolution adopted by the 1995 NPT Review and Extension Conference, the Final Document of the **2000** NPT Review Conference, and the Conclusions and Recommendations for follow-up actions of the **2010** NPT Review Conference

# Provisional Agenda 2015 RevConf

17. Role of the Treaty in promoting the nonproliferation of nuclear weapons and of
nuclear disarmament in strengthening
international peace and security, and measures at
strengthening the implementation of the
treaty and achieving its universality (incl.
strengthened review process, disarmament
& non-proliferation education)

# NPT Review Conference 2015 (New York: 27 Apr-22 May)

- President: ...?
- Chairs of the Main Committees
- MC.I Enrique Román-Morey (Peru) nuclear disarmament and security assurances
- MC.II Cristian Istrate (Romania) safeguards, NWFZs, regional issues, including with respect to the Middle East and implementation of the 1995 Middle East resolution
- MC.III Peter Woolcott (Australia) peaceful uses of nuclear energy, strengthened review process, withdrawal

- ➤ Main Committees and Subsidiary Bodies (SB)
- ▶ by now established practice to have SBs under each MC – no need to waste time or fight on this
- ➤ in 2000 and 2010, SBs had their own Chairs outcome was successful (forward-looking) but the MC outcomes were not (focus on 'review')
- ➤ MC Chairs were somewhat neutered and overshadowed by SB Chairs result was failure to find agreed text on the review

### > Review

- ➤ Strive to reach agreed text on review: necessary and mandated by Decision 1 (1995 NPTREC)
- ➤ Many foreign ministries are reviewed by Auditors or Inspectors General corporations are reviewed annual reports cover past activities and outline future plans
- ➤ So, why are NPT SPs serially failing to agree on a review of the past quinquennium recommend that review reflect both diverging and converging views

- ➤ Attributed to Einstein, but said by Rita Mae Brown (Sudden Death):
- "The definition *of insanity* is continuing to *do* the *same thing* over and over, and then expecting different results"
- ➤ Verbal diarrhoea longer and longer statements, longer working papers, and longer outcome documents:
- > 1995 NPTREC: Decision 1: SRP 7 paras. Decision 2 P&O: 7 PP, 20 OPs under 7 headings
- > 2000 NPTRC: Final Document: 189 paras
- 2010 NPTRC: 91 paras
- > 2012 NPTPC: 100 paragraphs
- 2013 NPTRC: 101 paragraphs
- > 2014 NPTRC: 17 paras under 5 headings

- **2015 Outcome Document -- success**
- > **Review** of the operation of the Treaty 2010-2015, taking into account the outcomes of 1995, 2000, 2010
- If consensus not achievable reflect converging and diverging views
- ➤ **Forward-looking elements** to promote the implementation of the Treaty and 1995/2000/2010 outcomes, including universality, security assurances, regional issues: Middle East, South Asia, Korean Peninsula
- 2015 NPTRC: keep it short realistic, SRP

#### **Contentious issues:**

- Middle East NWFZ conference: 1995 Resolution mandate
- US /Russian allegations of violation of INF impact > (JVC)
- Russia/US interaction on strategic nuclear arms control
- Nuclear disarmament NSNW
- Humanitarian Initiative
- IAEA safeguards: State Level Concept, Compliance, (Iran, DPRK, Syria)
- Universalization of the AP: three APs (CSA/VoA/-66)
- Nuclear security, Nuclear safety
- Security assurances
- Peaceful uses inalienable right, fuel cycle, export controls
- Withdrawal

> Fake Issues:



- Withdrawal
- Annual Conference
- New (Old) Ideas



- Advisory Group: Presidents Circle: past Presidents, PC Chairs
- Financial support for President/PC Chair consultations (combination of support from NWS, EU, NAM, etc., and ODA budget)
- > NPT RevConf is the "sovereign" of the Treaty (late Fritz Schmidt, long-time Chair of the Zangger Committee) responsibility of all States Parties to strengthen the authority and integrity of the Treaty

- "P-5 Statements"
- Much is made of these ...
- "NWS Statements" NPT makes no reference to P-5
- Importance exaggerated ... Russia/US key; minor NWS (France, UK) largely irrelevant –
- Glossary of Key Nuclear Terms; Reporting Framework
- Deterioration in Russia-US, Russia-EU relations ...
- Cold War groupings: WEOG, EEG, NAM zero sum negotiations
- > Other groupings: NAC, NPDI, de-alerting, HI
- ➤ **Friends of the President**: non-democratic, non-representative, leaves vast majority of SPs in the cold —
- > 2000: NAC/NWS; 2010: 16+ cross regional



# > Regional Issues

- DPRK
- Iran
- Syria
- Middle East: NWFZ/WMDFZ-DVs

- Ukraine
- India

## >Critical Issues

- 'New Cold War': future of classical nuclear arms control
- Preservation of existing nuclear arms control treaties and frameworks
- Nuclear modernization extending nuclear weapons to the 22<sup>nd</sup> century?
- Managing the 'New Cold War' lessons from the Cold War, Cold Peace
- Sacred cows': Russia (NW), USA (BMD)

# >Critical Issues

- \*'Deterrence and Strategic Stability:
- interrelationship of offence/defence
- strategic/non-strategic nuclear weapons nuclear and long-range
- conventional precision-guided weapons
- common terminology for nuclear weapons
- transparency
- principles for regional missile defences ...

## >Critical Issues

- CTBT
- Space and Strategic Stability: PAROS, ASAT, CBMs
- New Nuclear Disarmament Initiatives: 'Humanitarian'; OEWG; GGE-FMCT
- Fuel Cycle: front-end, back-end

# Projected consequences of nuclear war



If 1% of the nuclear weapons now ready for war were detonated in large cities, they would utterly devastate the environment, climate, ecosystems, and inhabitants of Earth ... a war fought with thousands of strategic nuclear weapons would leave the Earth uninhabitable...

http://www.nucleardarkness.org/index2.php

http://www.nucleardarkness.org/warconsequences/fivemilliontonsofsmoke/

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